

Distributed Interoperability and Electronic Signature

Red GEALC



Before we begin

Service Oriented Architecture and its many interpretations

SOA, What do we mean?



- Initial vision for SOA(2001) was centered around processes: governance, mapping, functional decomposition¹.

SOAP, OASIS WS-*, BPM/Enterprise Service Bus, etc.

- These days SOA is more centered around the end users and therefore applies more flexible standards.

Containers, APIs/Web Services, IC –DevOps

<https://www.programmableweb.com/category/all/apis>

- SOA is just an idea, it has no concrete meaning. The main architecture principles and components now have a life of their own².

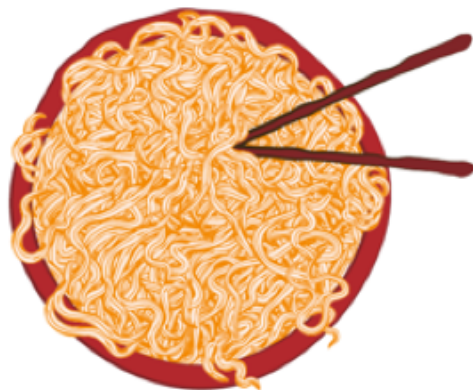
The evolution SOA



Dependencies from a developer's perspective

1990s and earlier

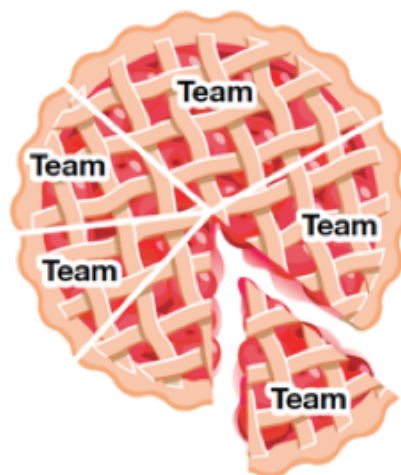
Pre-SOA (monolithic)
Tight coupling



For a monolith to change, all must agree on each change. Each change has unanticipated effects requiring careful testing beforehand.

2000s

Traditional SOA
Looser coupling



Elements in SOA are developed more autonomously but must be coordinated with others to fit into the overall design.

2010s

Microservices
Decoupled



Developers can create and activate new microservices without prior coordination with others. Their adherence to MSA principles makes continuous delivery of new or modified services possible.

SOA: What are countries doing?



- Several countries have implemented an Enterprise Service Bus (Uruguay, Chile, Peru, Ecuador, Colombia, Costa Rica, Venezuela). This model requires messages to use the ESB as an intermediary.
- Adoption by agencies is difficult. Today, people are connecting services without a middle man, we don't like intermediaries.
- If we are starting from scratch we can learn from our neighbor's experience. That is a big advantage

Context

Basis for the creation of connected government services



Government Services

What do we have:

Slow and complicated government services

Disconnected data spread out across government

Services designed without the user's input

What do we want:

Fast and efficient government services

Data that is shared and connected across government

Services designed with the user



Where do we start?

Processes:

We need to understand our current back-office processes in order to improve them. This includes reviewing/creating guidelines and training people.

Regulations:

We need to understand the legal barriers. Can we change them? We also need take advantage of enabling regulations, e.g: Electronic Signature Law.

Electronic Signature: Plain vs Qualified*



Plain ES	Qualified ES
Simple PKI tree	Multi level PKI tree
Owner alone (government office) is responsible for its security	Is a matter of national security
Manageable costs	High implementation costs, high barriers for businesses
Registration and issuance of certificates managed in house.	There are mandatory national protocols for registration and issuance of certificates;



When do I use Plain ES?

El Salvador's Electronic Signature Law says:

- Art. 29.- Government authorities and public employees who deliver public services, within their jurisdiction, MAY sign using plain electronic signature.
- Art. 33.- Government offices, MUST communicate electronically using plain electronic signature. (e.g. SMTP,VPN/TLS –Web Services)

Using X-Road

How are we using X-Road to connect government data in El Salvador

Distributed Interoperability



Estonia was the first country to implement this concept through their X-Road platform in 2001.

- At the heart of X-Road lives a PKI that offers trust services to all the components and services.
- It uses electronic signature to build and maintain an immutable, distributed ledger (prior to Blockchain in 2008)
- Costs and coordination efforts are significantly less than those of a centralized platform.



Why X-Road?

There are many tools⁵ to manage services and APIs. However:

- X-Road offers a centralized catalog of published services while leaving access management to the owner agency.
- Complies with the EU security standard for electronic transactions eIDAS
- Creates VPN/TLS tunnels automatically between each client and service owner, eliminates costs of leased lines.
- Enables data exchange between countries using separate federated x-road installations.



Why X-Road?

Because we have an Electronic Signature Law that says we can use (plain/free) Electronic Signature certificates to secure and protect the exchange of data across government agencies; which is exactly what X-Road does.

X-Road Salvadoreño

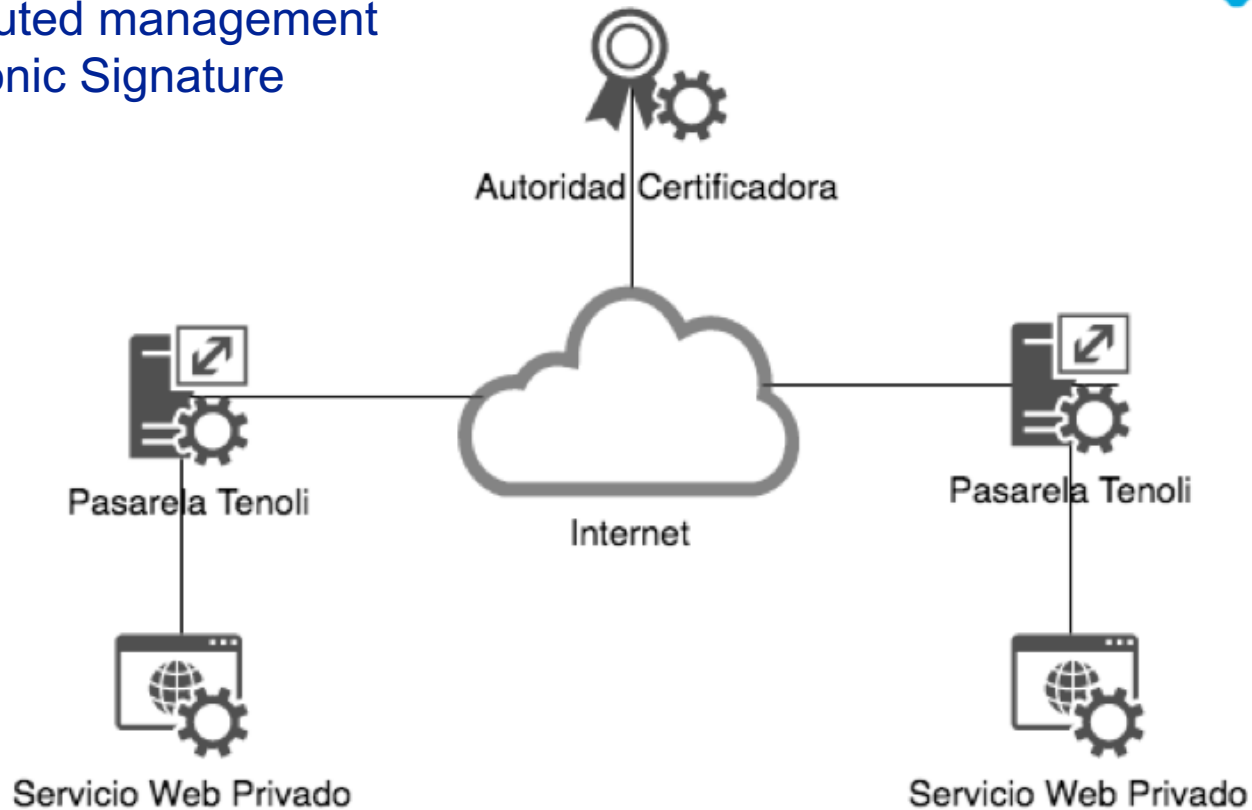


- Management web interface translated into Spanish
- Source code modified to use a local Certification Authority (C=SV,..) currently managed by the EGov office.
- Running in live since Dec. 2016, connecting six government agencies: ISSS, CNR, RNPN, MINSAL, MINED, DIGESTYC
- Available to handle both REST/JSON and SOAP/XML message services using a programming language of your choice.
- We named it ‘Tenoli’ (Nahuatl for bridge)



Basic Ideas:

- Interoperability
- Distributed management
- Electronic Signature



Screenshots



- Management UI
- Sample message payloads
- Sample access record
- Tenoli's webpage (training y trainign materials)



SV : PRUEBA_STPP.GOB.SV
ADMINISTRACIÓN DEL SERVIDOR DE SEGURIDAD

Gestión de Servicios
Parametros del Sistema

ADMINISTRACIÓN

LLaves y Certificados
Back Up and Restore
Diagnósticos

AYUDA

Versión

LLAVES Y CERTIFICADOS

xroad

Search

Certificado	Miembro	respuesta OCSP	Expira	Estado
Token: softToken-0				
Llave: 752F28101F57BAD4AC5D2AA23A06D67E67450E85 (auth)				
Certificadora de En...		good	2037-04-02	registered
Llave: 8DDA66DC2B784228077AE9AC696C7B6E9EFEEF13 (sign)				

SALIR

Detalles del Certificado

Certificate:
 Data:
 Version: 3 (0x2)
 Serial Number: 4173 (0x104d)
 Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
 Issuer: C = SV, O = Gobierno de El Salvador, OU = Gobierno de El Salvador
 Validity
 Not Before: Apr 7 01:46:38 2017 GMT
 Not After : Apr 2 01:46:38 2037 GMT
 Subject: C = SV, O = Gobierno de El Salvador, OU = stpp,
 Subject Public Key Info:
 Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
 Public-Key: (2048 bit)
 Modulus:
 00:d7:85:cc:73:57:53:22:74:23:1b:d0:a7:aa:9b
 e3:cf:99:23:8f:8e:94:49:43:7d:62:b8:5d:d3:9f
 54:cf:78:ab:4b:6f:09:ff:26:49:40:39:64:79:70

OK

04-02 registered

DISABLE REGISTRAR

IMPORTAR CERTIFICADO



```
<soapenv:Envelope
xmlns:soapenv=http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/
xmlns:xrd=http://x-road.eu/xsd/xroad.xsd
xmlns:id="http://x-road.eu/xsd/identifiers">
<soapenv:Header>
  <xrd:client id:objectType="SUBSYSTEM">
    <id:xRoadInstance>SV</id:xRoadInstance>
    <id:memberClass>GOB</id:memberClass>
    <id:memberCode>1001</id:memberCode>
    <id:subsystemCode>consulta-cun</id:subsystemCode>
  </xrd:client>
  <xrd:service id:objectType="SERVICE">
    <id:xRoadInstance>SV</id:xRoadInstance>
    <id:memberClass>GOB</id:memberClass>
    <id:memberCode>3002</id:memberCode>
    <id:subsystemCode>nacidosvivos</id:subsystemCode>
    <id:serviceCode>getNacidosVivos</id:serviceCode>
    <id:serviceVersion>v1</id:serviceVersion>
  </xrd:service>
  <xrd:userId>SV982343432</xrd:userId>
  <xrd:id>0ba036ea-d612-4e74-bf73-59a6f15627c8</xrd:id>
  <xrd:protocolVersion>4.0</xrd:protocolVersion>
</soapenv:Header>
<soapenv:Body>
  <prod:getNacidosVivos xmlns:prod="http://api.minsal.gob.sv/producer">
    <prod:request>
      <prod:fecha_registro>2017-02-01</prod:fecha_registro>
    </prod:request>
  </prod:getNacidosVivos>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```



```
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope
xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" xmlns:id="http://x-
road.eu/xsd/identifiers" xmlns:xrd="http://x-road.eu/xsd/xroad.xsd">
<SOAP-ENV:Header>
[.....]
</SOAP-ENV:Header>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
<getNacidosVivosResponse xmlns="http://api.minsal.gob.sv/producer">
<request>
<fecha_registro>2017-02-01</fecha_registro>
</request>
<response>
<array>
<fecha_nac>2017-01-31</fecha_nac>
<madre_dept>4</madre_dept> <establecimiento>163</establecimiento>
<madre_munic>0405</madre_munic> <sex_nac>M</sex_nac>
<madre_canton>634</madre_canton>
<madre_edad>29</madre_edad>
</array>
<array> <fecha_nac>2017-01-31</fecha_nac>
<madre_dept>2</madre_dept> <establecimiento>72</establecimiento>
<madre_munic>0202</madre_munic> <sex_nac>F</sex_nac>
<madre_canton>ND</madre_canton>
<madre_edad>16</madre_edad>
</array>
```



```
~# curl -v -H "Accept:text/xml" -X POST http://localhost:8080/adaptador-rest/Consumer/pruebas/getNacidosVivos/v1/?fecha_registro=2017-02-03
```

```
~# curl -v -H "Accept:application/json" -X POST http://localhost:8080/adaptador-rest/Consumer/pruebas/getNacidosVivos/v1/?fecha_registro=2017-02-03
```

```
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

```
* Server Apache-Coyote/1.1 is not blacklisted
```

```
< Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
```

```
< X-XRd-UserId: anonymous
```

```
< X-XRd-Messageld: 264e3f92-30e4-4c1e-84f7-b02323410717
```

```
< Content-Type: application/json;charset=utf-8
```

```
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
```

```
< Date: Thu, 25 May 2017 16:06:06 GMT
```

```
<
```

```
 [{"fecha_nac": "2017-02-
```

```
02", "madre_dept": 1, "establecimiento": 575, "madre_munic": "0107", "sex_nac": "F", "madr
```

```
e_canton": "ND", "madre_edad": 22}, {"fecha_nac": "2017-02-
```

```
02", "madre_dept": 1, "establecimiento": 575, "madre_munic": "0107", "sex_nac": "F", "madr
```

```
e_canton": "ND", "madre_edad": 24}, ....
```

```
java -jar asicverifier-1.0.jar /var/verificationconf/ /var/lib/xroad/request-0rHDhoFviD.asice
ASiC container Verification successful.
```



Signer

Certificate:

Subject: SERIALNUMBER=SV/prueba/GOB, CN=1001, OU=stpp, O=Gobierno de El Salvador, C=SV

Issuer: CN=Certificadora de Entidades de Gobierno, OU=Gobierno Electronico, O=Gobierno de El Salvador, C=SV
Serial number: 4173

Valid from: Thu Apr 06 19:46:38 CST 2017

Valid until: Wed Apr 01 19:46:38 CST 2019

ID: MEMBER:SV/GOB/1001

OCSP response

Signed by:

Subject: CN=OCSP, OU=Certificadora de Servicios, O=Gobierno de El Salvador, C=SV

Issuer: CN=Entidades de Gobierno, OU=Gobierno Electronico, O=Gobierno de El Salvador, C=SV

Serial number: 4096

Valid from: Sat Jan 28 15:23:29 CST 2017

Valid until: Fri Jan 23 15:23:29 CST 2027

Produced at: Sat Apr 08 15:18:09 CST 2017

Timestamp

Signed by:

Subject: CN=sellado.stpp.gob.sv, OU=Gobierno Electronico, O=Gobierno de El Salvador, C=SV

Issuer: CN=Certificadora de Sellado, OU=Gobierno Electronico, O=Gobierno de El Salvador, C=SV

Serial number: 4096

Valid from: Sat Jan 28 15:23:22 CST 2017

Valid until: Fri Jan 23 15:23:22 CST 2027

Date: Sat Apr 08 15:40:59 CST 2017

Would you like to extract the signed files? (y/n) y

Created file message.xml



Instalar Pasarela Tenoli

Gestión de Servicios

Servicios SOAP/XML

Servicios REST/JSON

Bitácora de Acceso

Qué es Tenoli

Es una plataforma segura de intercambio de datos. Tenoli además permite registrar y administrar todos los servicios que se reciben. Este servicio es parte del Plan de Transformación Digital de la Presidencia Técnica y de la Presidencia.

Cómo funciona Tenoli?

Tenoli es una red de túneles cifrados (VPN) que permite el intercambio seguro de datos usando Internet y firma electrónica simple según el artículo 33 de la Ley de Firma Electrónica. Para mayores detalles, revise la descripción de los [componentes de la plataforma](#) y el [proceso de intercambio de mensajes](#) de la red.

¿Mi institución ya usa túneles VPN, por qué usar Tenoli?

Es posible que existan ya túneles VPN para dar acceso a sus clientes autorizados. Por otro lado, para consumir datos su institución necesita coordinarse con la institución dueña del servicio y crear canales seguros de mutuo acuerdo. Esta coordinación se complica a medida que crece el número de instituciones y servicios involucrados. Tenoli centraliza esa coordinación y garantiza un mecanismo común de intercambio seguro.

¿Qué tan segura es la red Tenoli?

Los túneles cifrados que ofrece la red están creados usando llaves asimétricas (RSA) de 2048 bits, el algoritmo de cifrado SHA256 (hashing), bajo el protocolo TLS 1.2. Es decir, el nivel de seguridad que se obtiene al usar certificados de la red Tenoli es igual o más seguro que el cifrado que ofrecen otros productos VPN disponibles en el mercado.



Lessons learned...

- Interoperability is not a technology issue, a data exchange solution alone is not going to solve our problems.
- Interoperability today, specially within government, demands the creation of ontologies, information domains and integration clusters.
- Technology must not get on the way, the simpler the solution the better (Do Less) ³



Final thoughts

- Digital transformation of government is not about tech, is about having an effective management strategy ⁶.
- We must learn and incorporate experiences into our own context, often best practices can not be replicated with the same level of success.
- There many new technologies that hopefully can be adapted to meet government needs in the near future e.g. Open ID Connect, Hyperledger ,etc. More Research is needed ..;)



Useful Links

- <http://tenoli.gobiernoelectronico.gob.sv/>
- <http://github.com/egobsv>
- <http://softwarepublicoregionalbeta.net/catalog/projects/Tenoli-LAT>
- <https://github.com/ria-ee/X-Road>

Eric Ramirez, eramirez@presidencia.gob.sv

MUCHAS GRACIAS



SECRETARÍA TÉCNICA
Y DE PLANIFICACIÓN
DE LA PRESIDENCIA

GOBIERNO DE
EL SALVADOR
UNÁMONOS PARA CRECER

 /SETEPLANSV

 @SETEPLAN_SV

Eric Ramirez, eramirez@presidencia.gov.sv

