

Secure Data Exchange Layer



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Agenda

- Why do we need secure data exchange?
- Architecture of secure data exchange layer
- The working principle of secure data exchange layer

Secure Data Exchange Layer X-Road

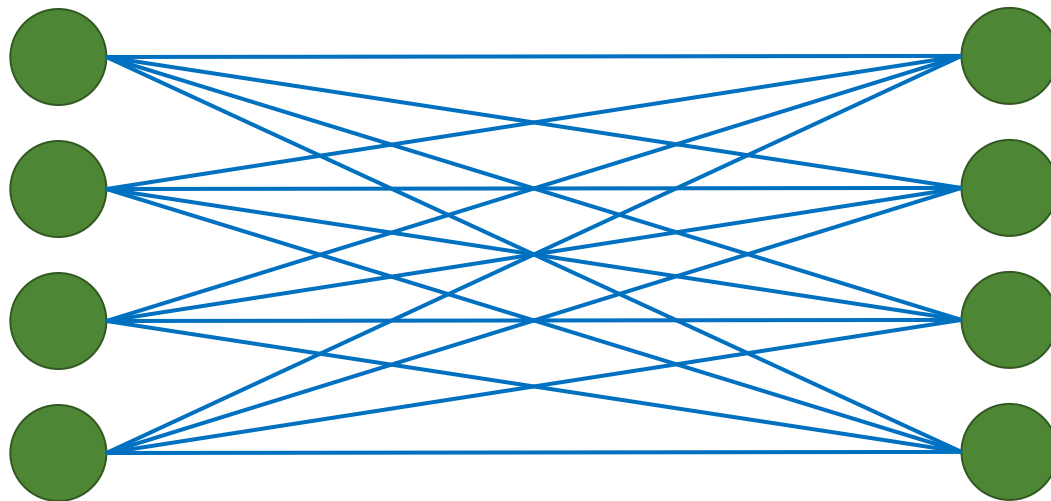
(Estonian Example)

What is X-Road?

- X-Road is a distributed, secure and standardized data exchange solution.
- Public and private sector organizations are welcome to use this environment.
- X-Road can be used for offering, combining and using e-services in many different fields.

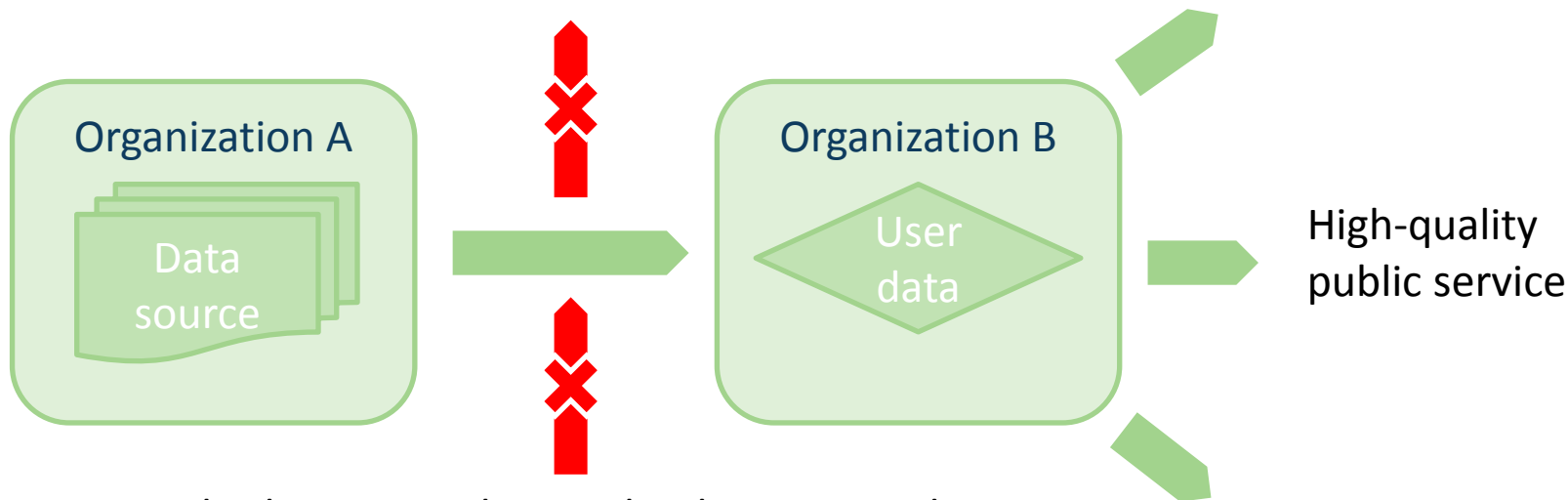
Distributed exchange

Architecture before X-Road



Which problem we have to solve?

the data can not leak out

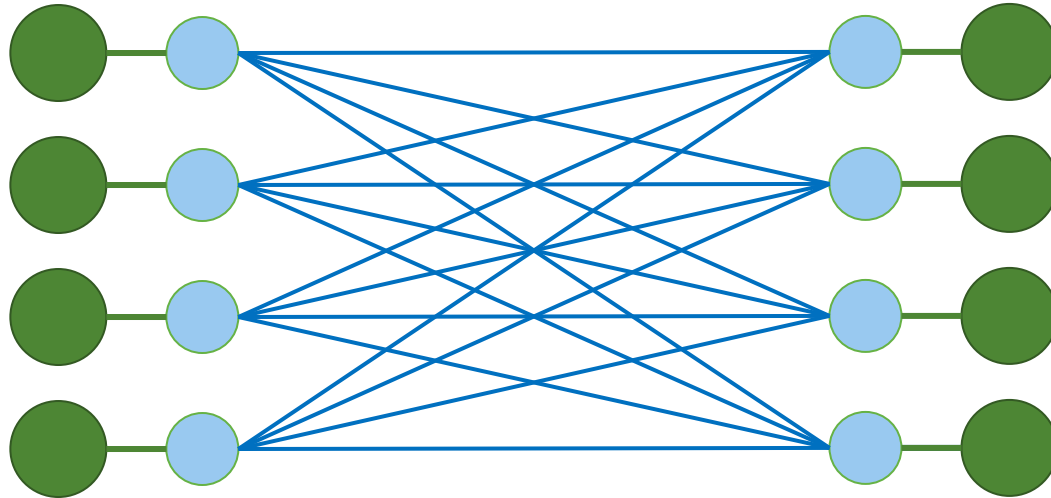


nobody can not change the data received

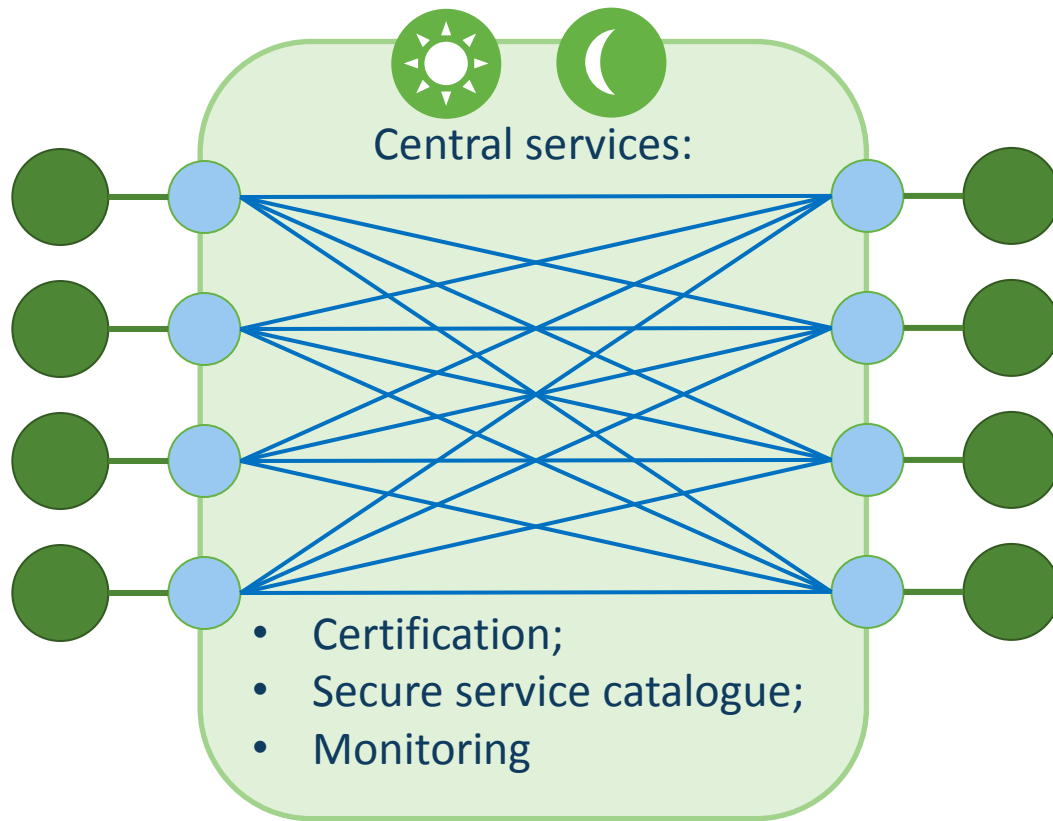
high availability

99,999%

Architecture with security servers



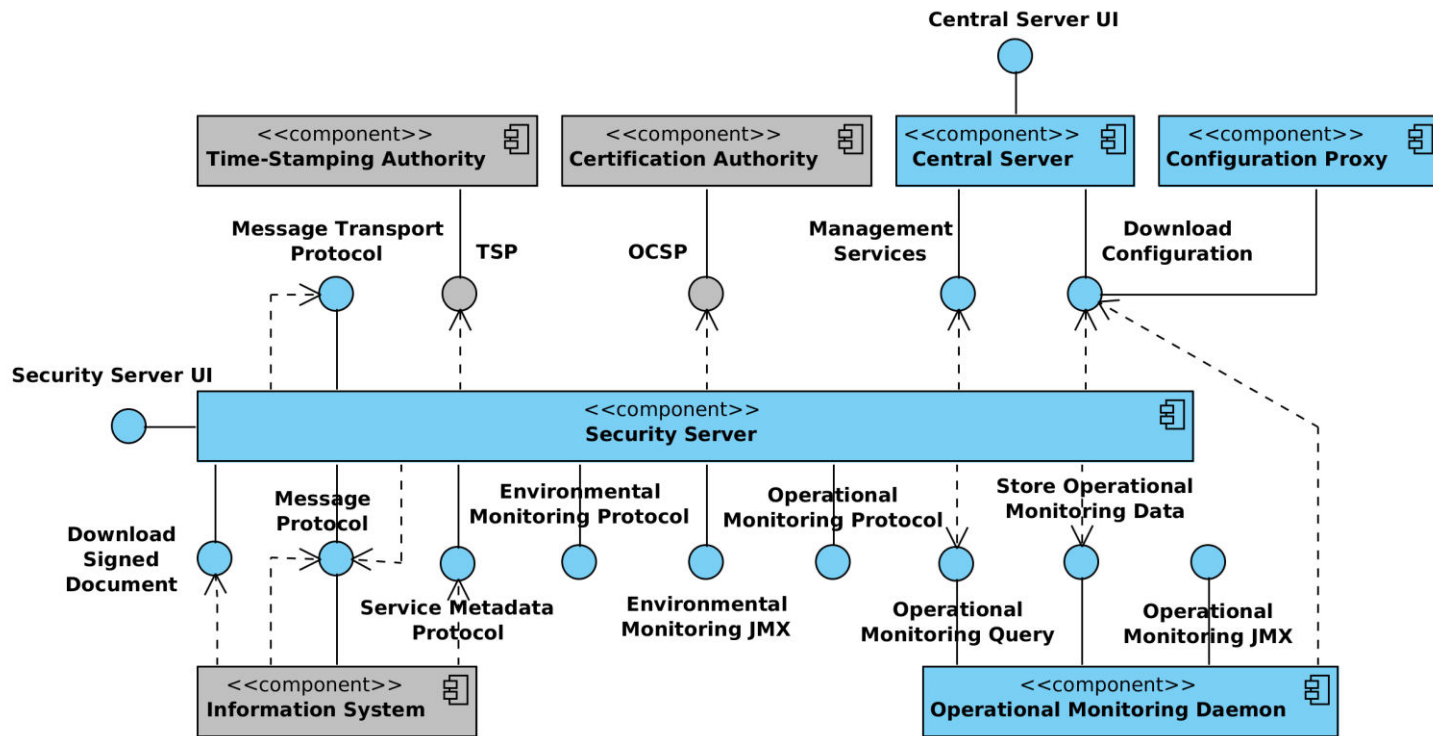
X-Road Architecture



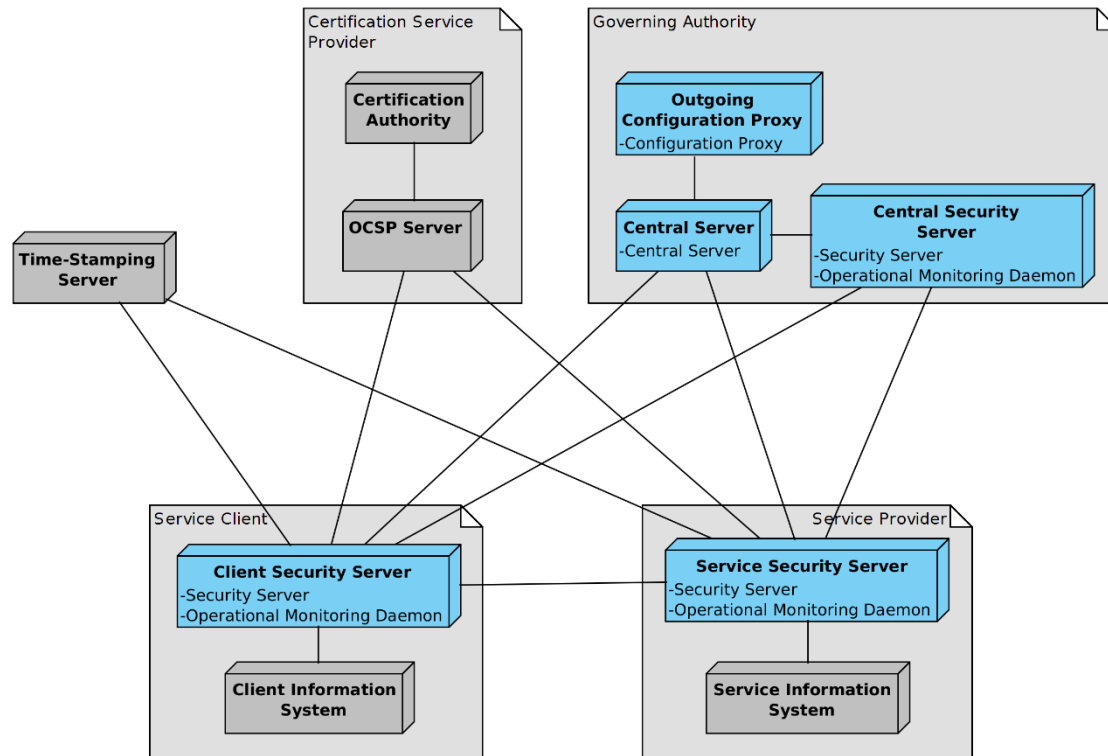
Design goals

- X-Road is **decentralized**
- X-Road does not change **ownership of data**
- **Secure**
- X-Road messages are usable as **digital evidence**
- All the communications is implemented as **service calls**
- **Cross-border services**
- **Encapsulating the security protocol**
- **Standardization**
- **No predetermined roles**
- **Two-level authentication**

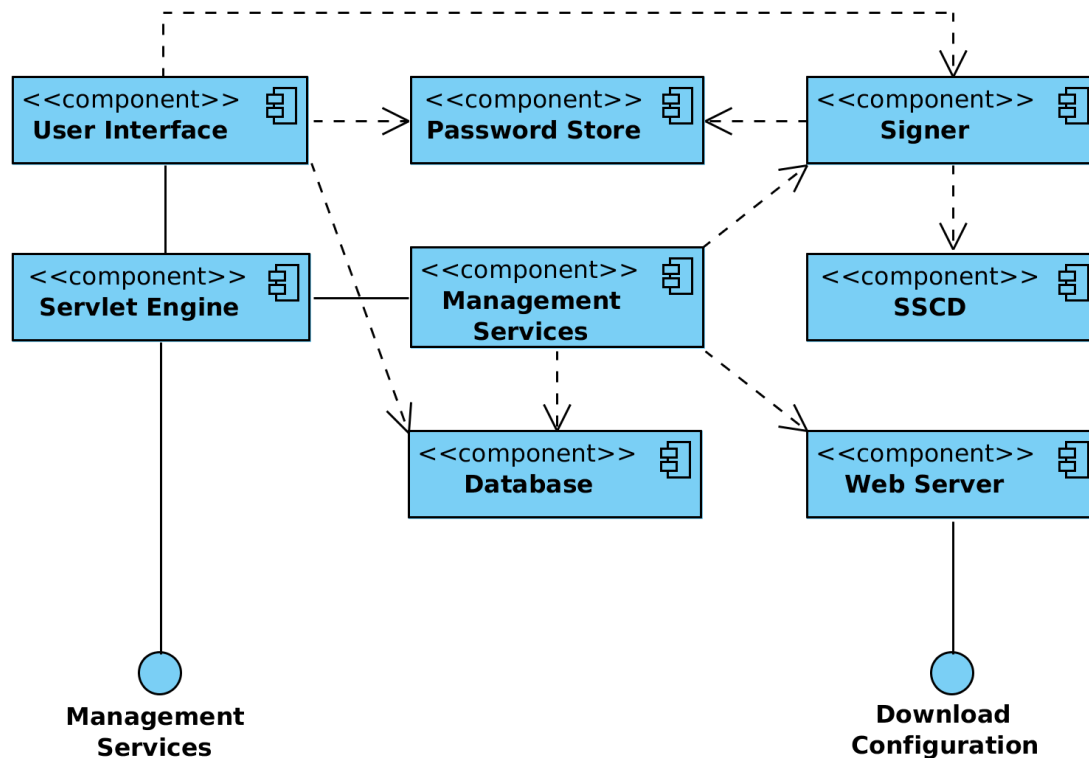
Main components and interfaces of the X-Road system



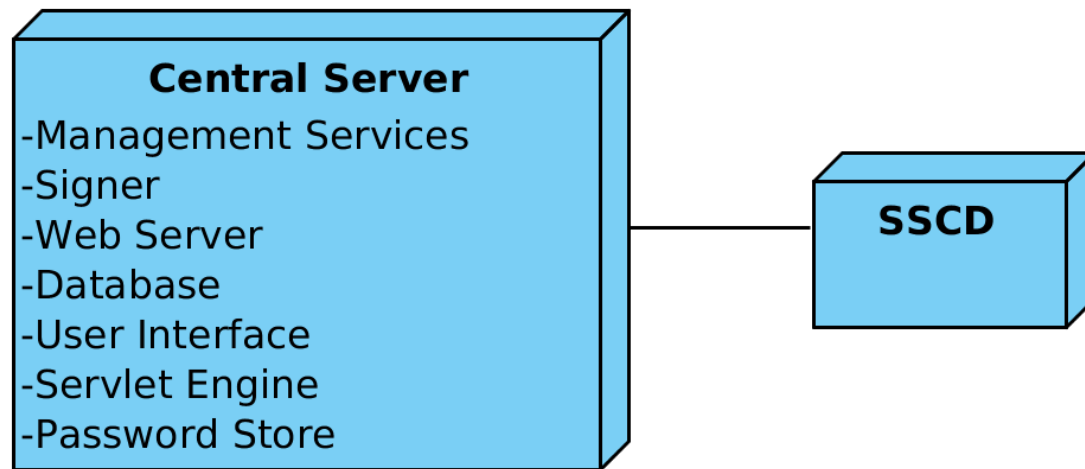
Deployment view of a basic X-Road instance



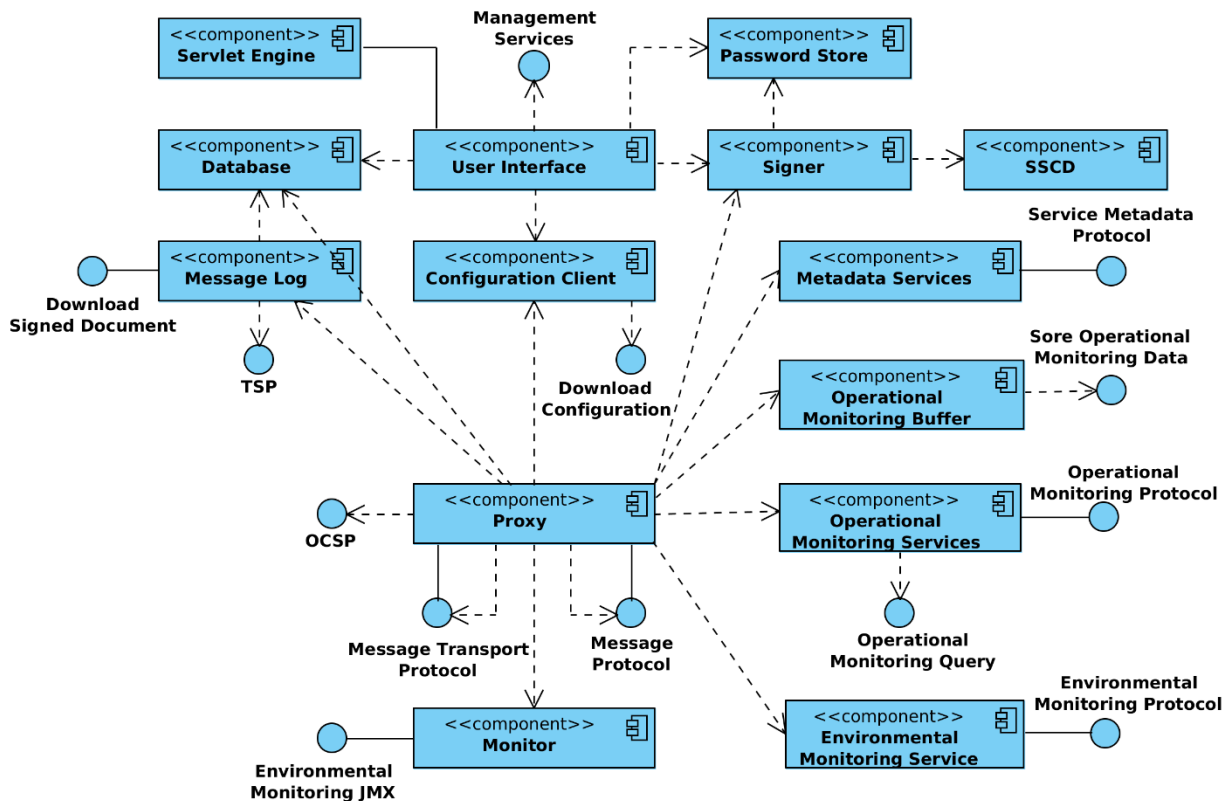
Main components of central server



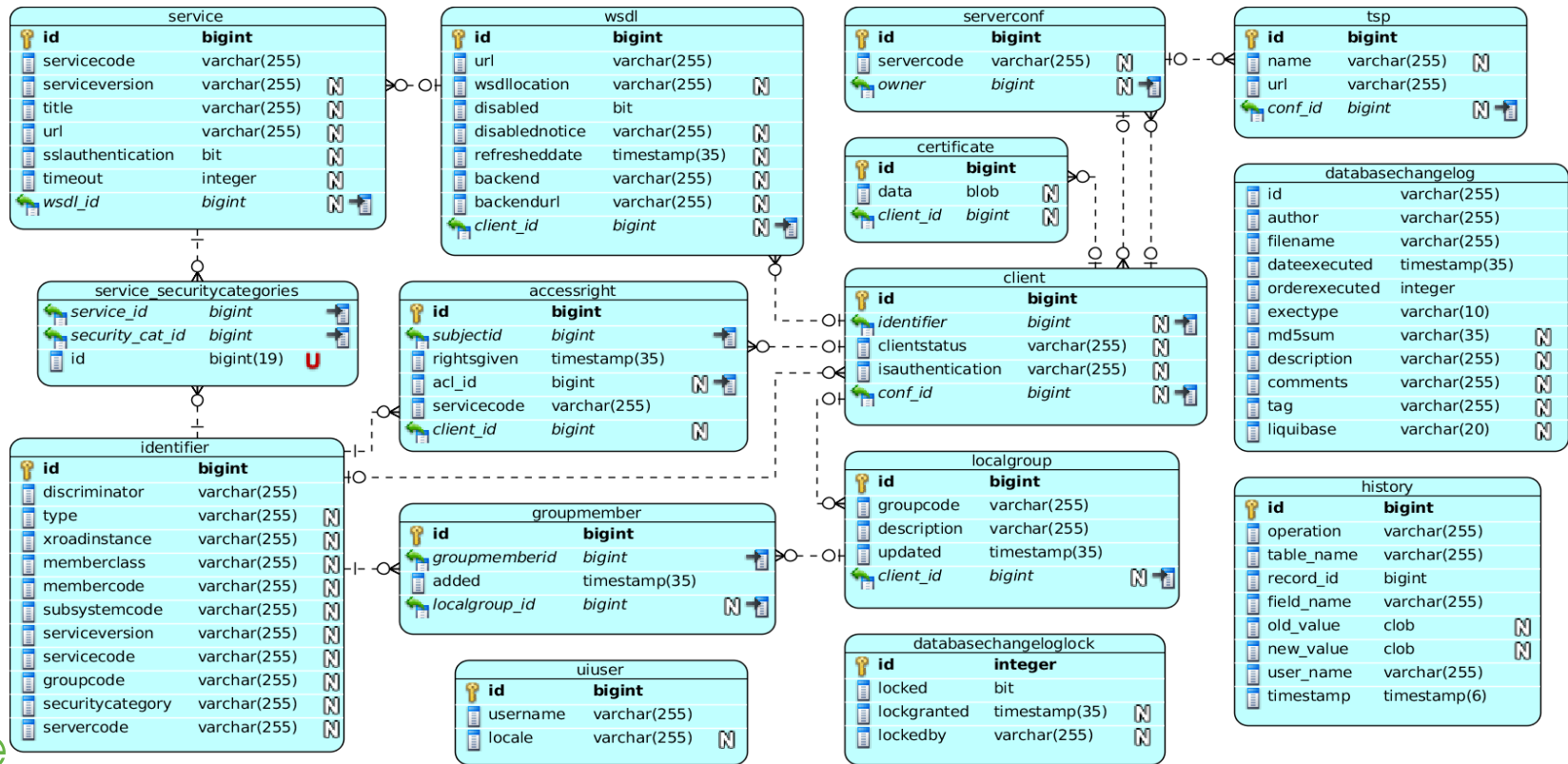
Central Server. Simple Deployment



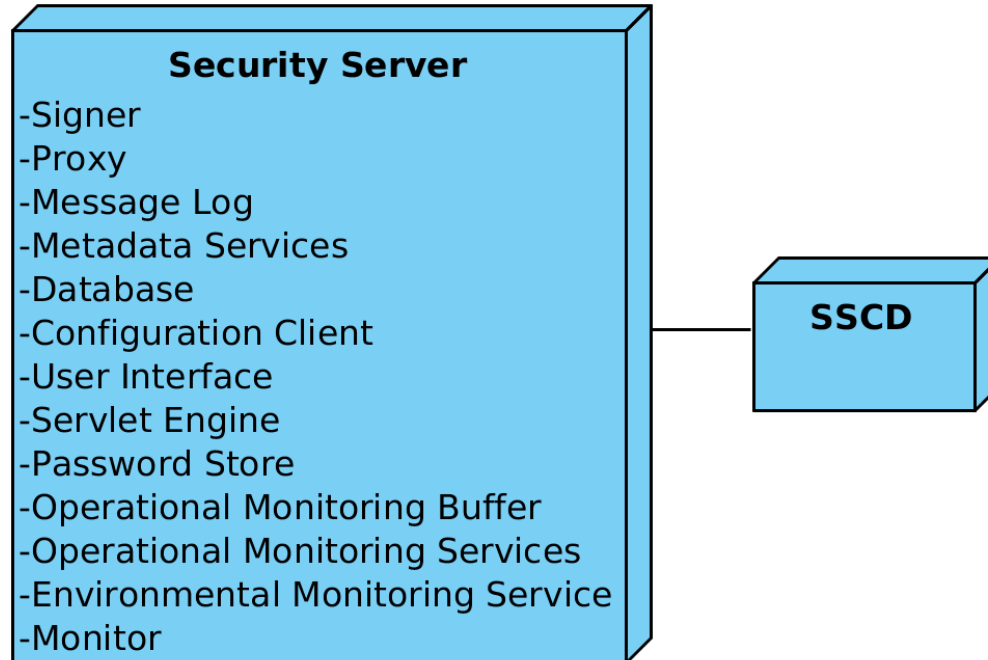
Main components and interfaces of the X-Road security server



Database model of X-Road security server



Security Server. Simple Deployment



Confidentiality

- SSL (TSL) protocol against external attackers
- Two level access rights control
- Core X-Road: Access to organization
- Consumer organizations responsible for end users
- Balanced use of technical and organizational measures

Non-repudation

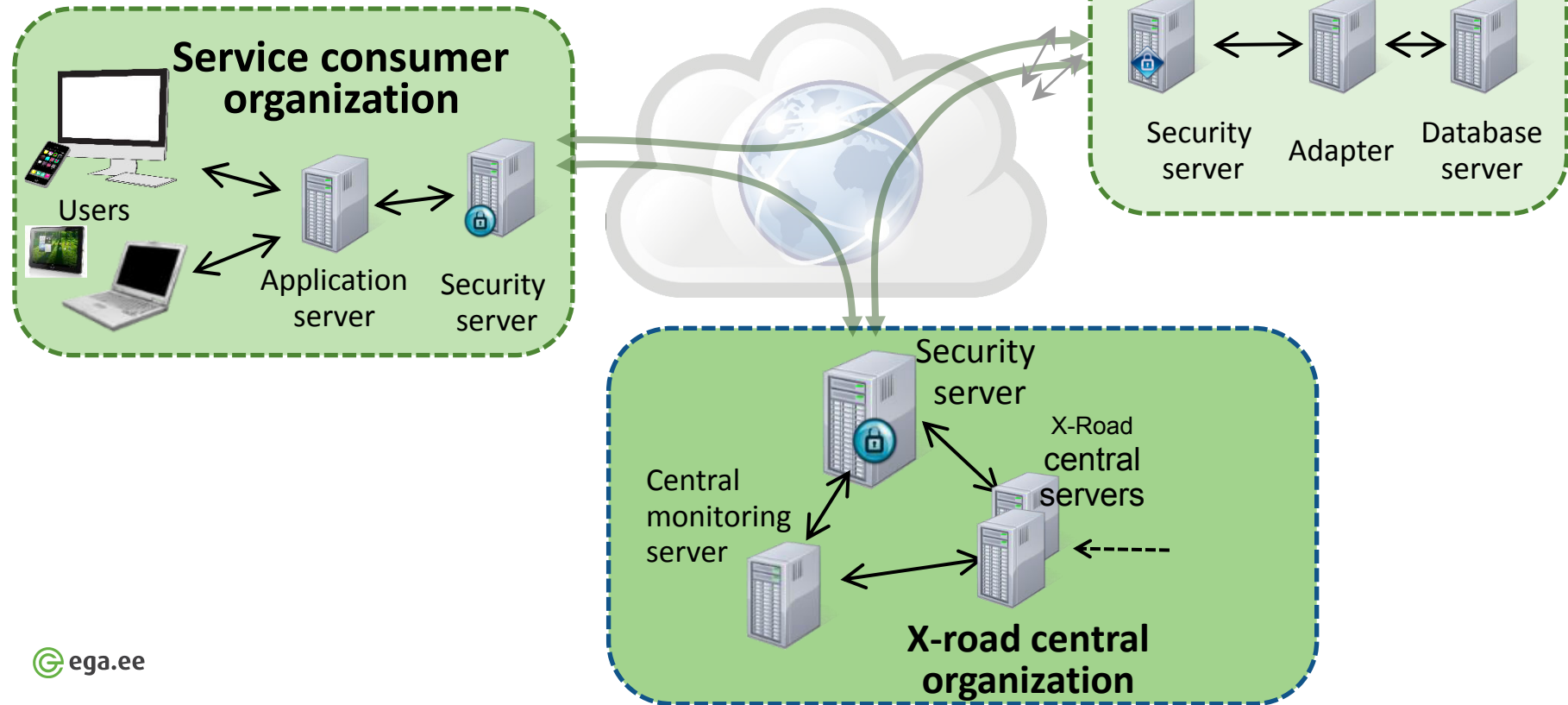
- All outgoing messages are signed
- All incoming messages are logged and time-stamped
- Message receiver can later prove with time-stamping mechanism, when and by whom was the message sent

High availability

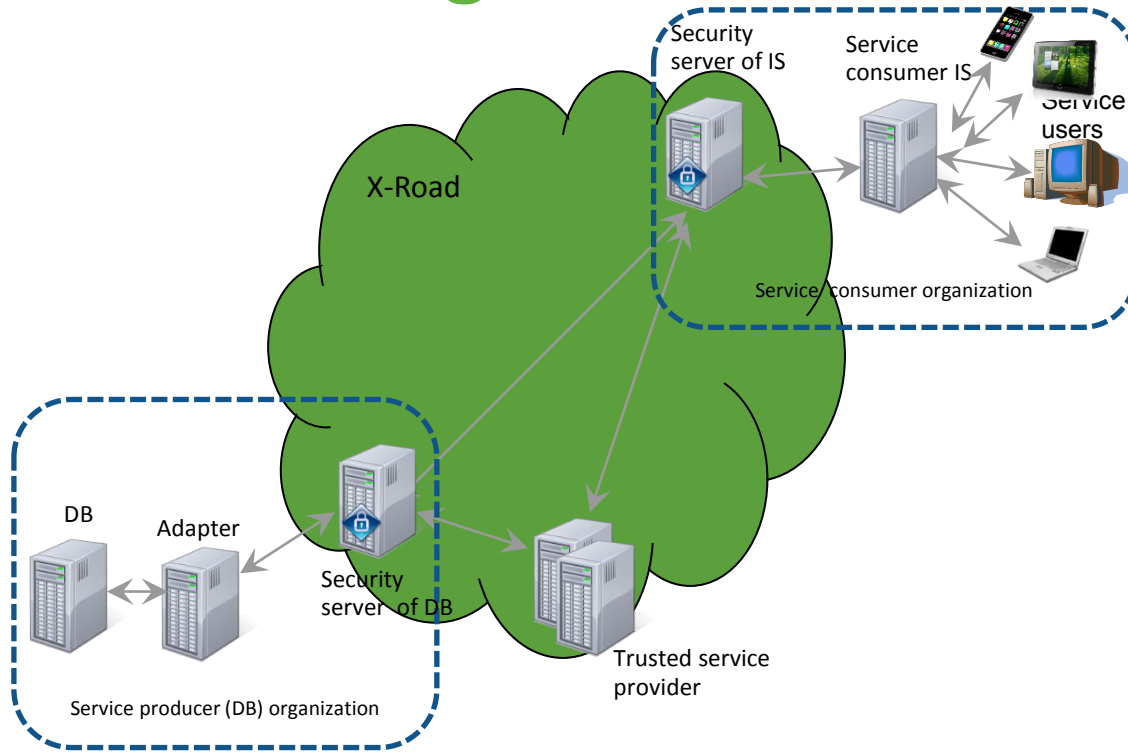
- Minimal number of central services
- Directory service based Secure DNS
- Time-stamping non time critical way
- Local DNS caching
- Re servers and load sharing
- Mechanisms against DoS attacks
- Availability on the same level of Internet

How the X-Road works

Internet



X-Road message flow



X-R

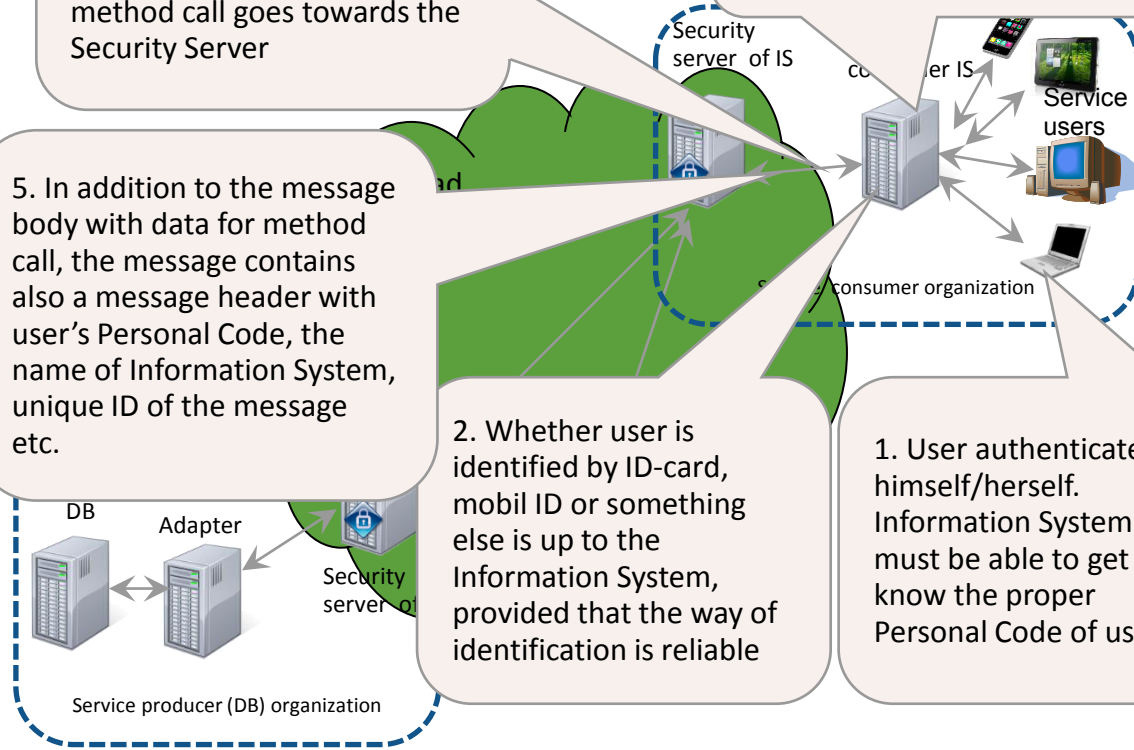
4. As user chooses to call a method (usage of which is authorized by the Information System), a message with method call goes towards the Security Server

3. Information System gives user access to methods user is authorized to use.
This is first level of authorization

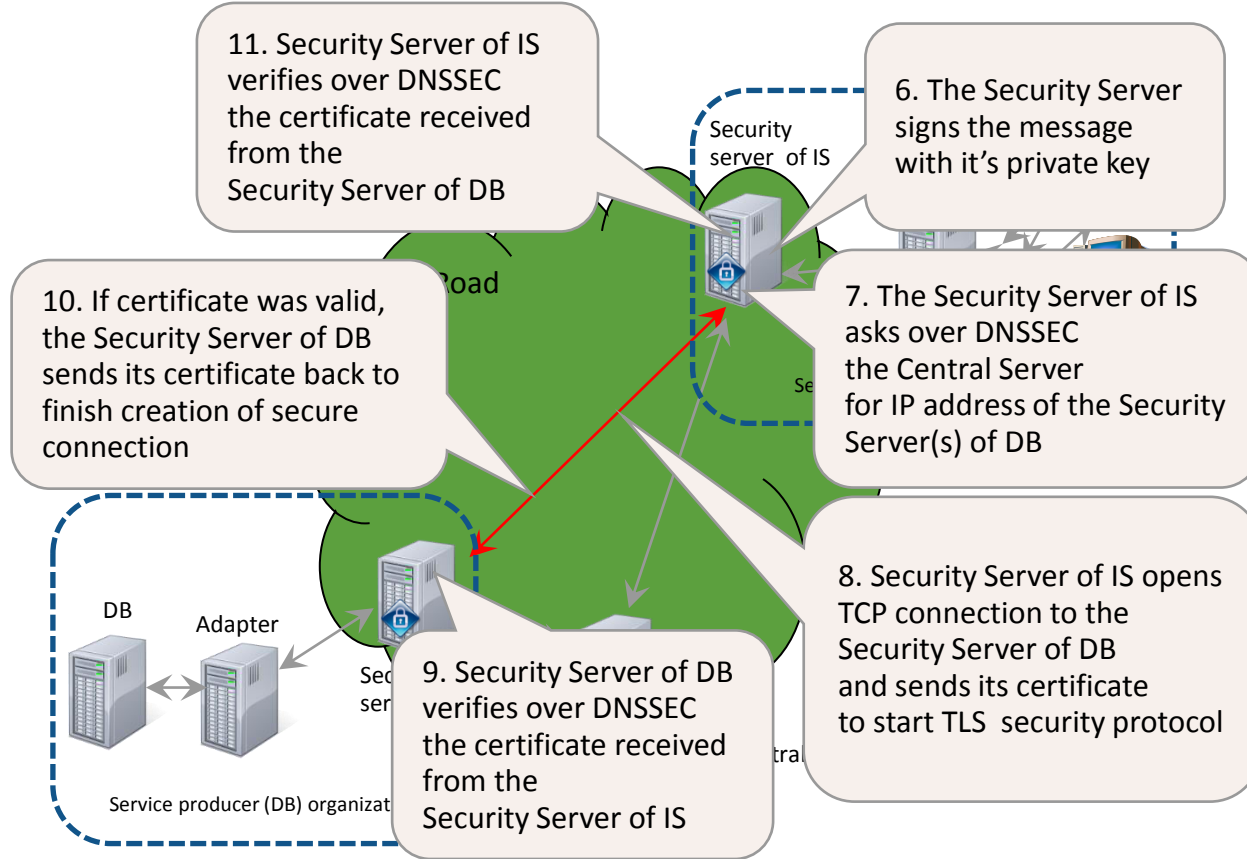
5. In addition to the message body with data for method call, the message contains also a message header with user's Personal Code, the name of Information System, unique ID of the message etc.

2. Whether user is identified by ID-card, mobil ID or something else is up to the Information System, provided that the way of identification is reliable

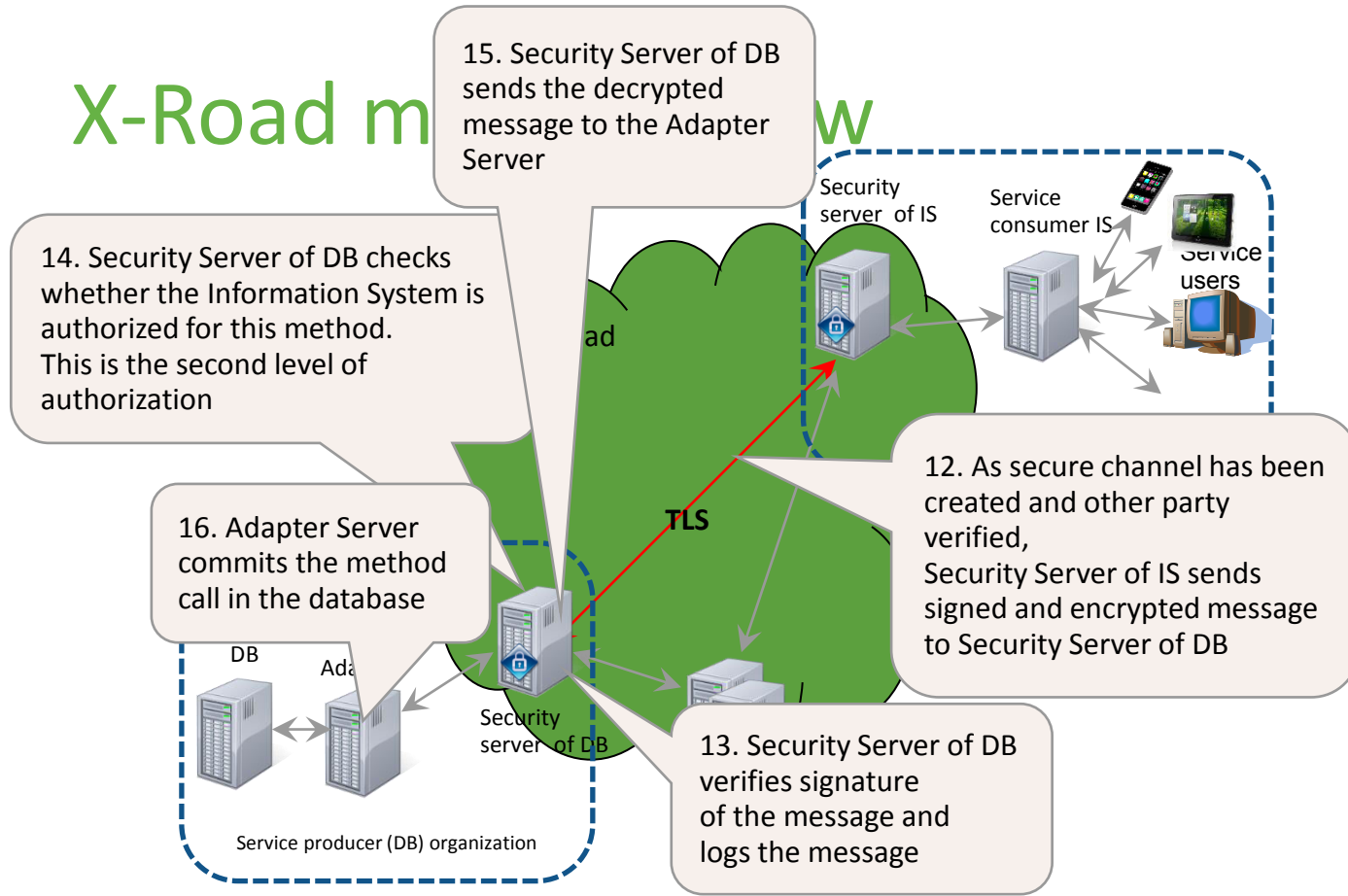
1. User authenticates himself/herself.
Information System must be able to get to know the proper Personal Code of user



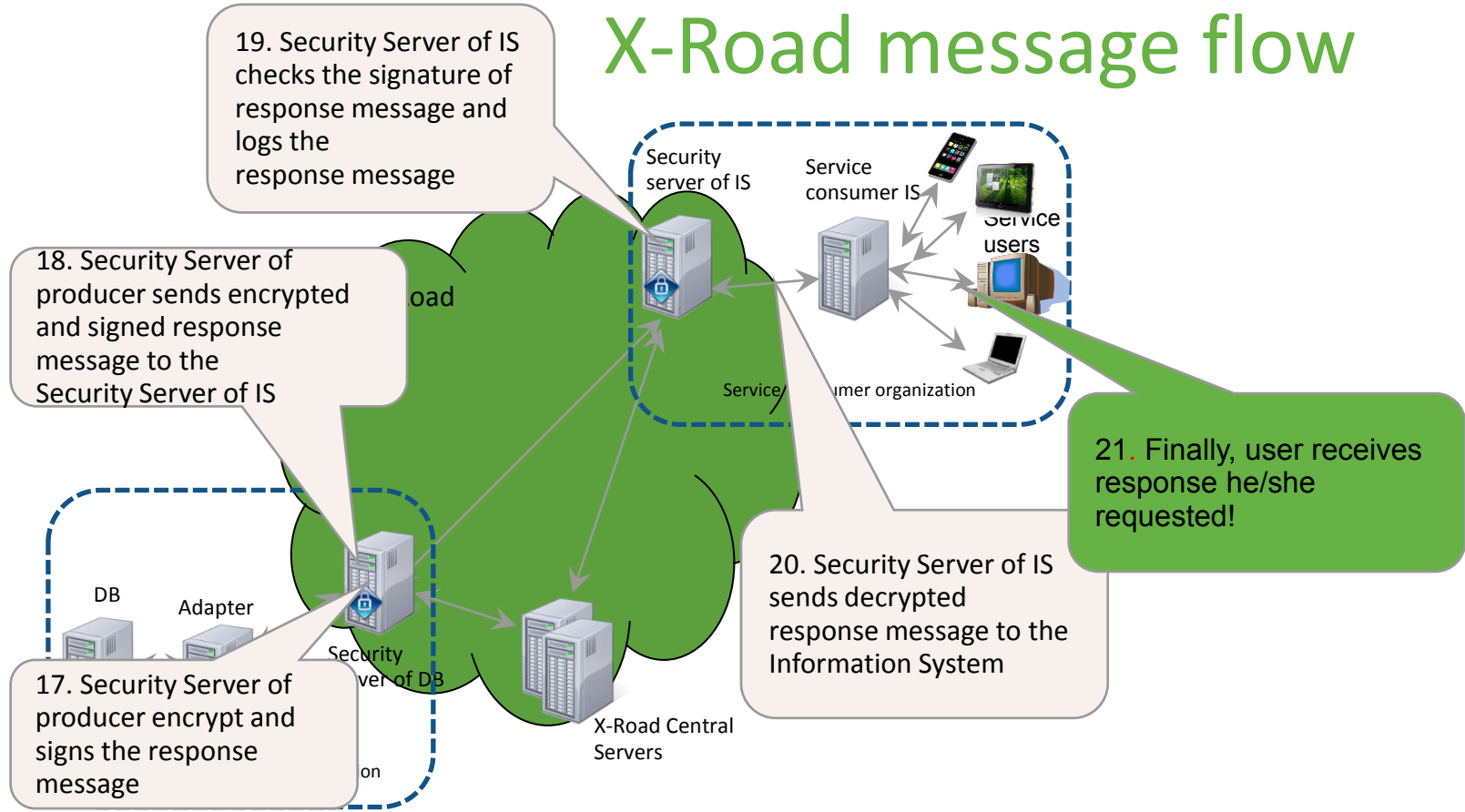
X-Road message flow



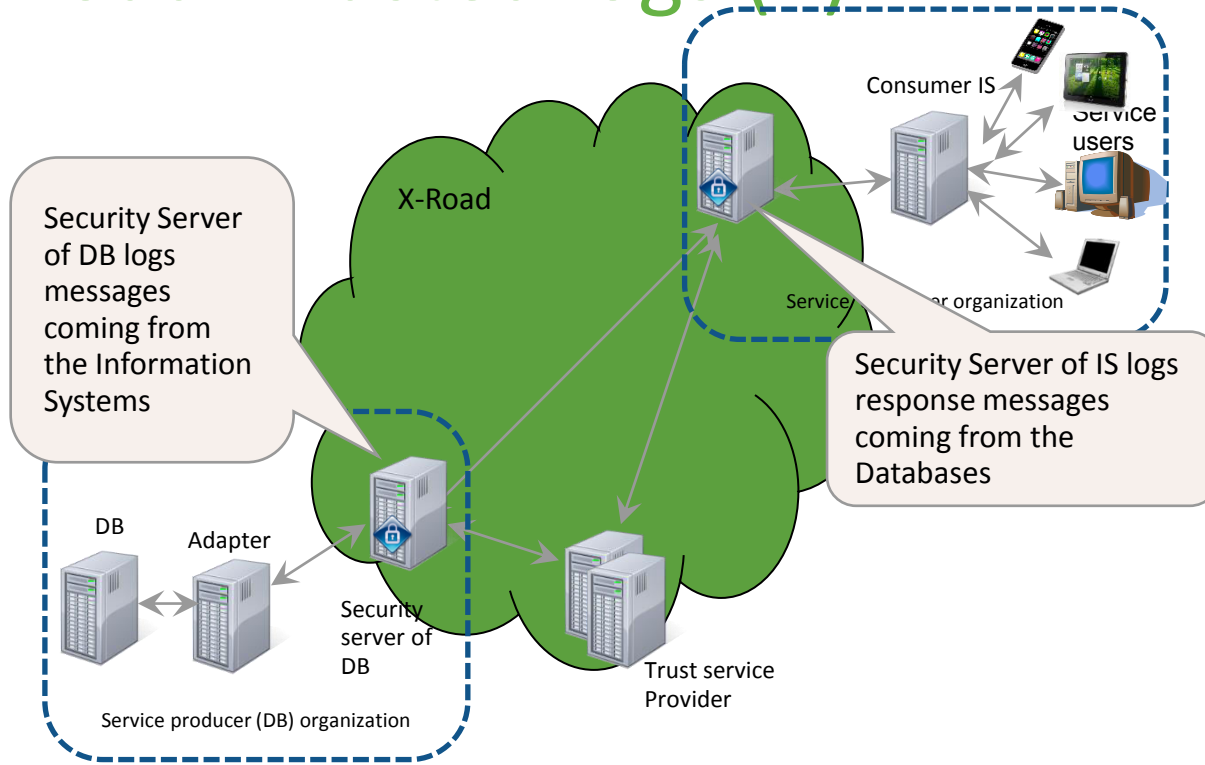
X-Road m w



X-Road message flow



X-Road: Trusted logs (1)





Thank You!

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